

Mubarak Al-Sabah: Founder of Modern Kuwait, 1896-1915

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Moving from the general to the specific, the physical to the human, Raymond then deals with the people of these cities. Though North African examples are given—a small chapter on a proposed reconstruction of Algiers on the eve of the French occupation in 1830, and a larger chapter on 18th century Constantine—his focus is on Cairo; ten of the remaining twelve chapters deal with aspects of this Egyptian city. There is conjecture on the population of Cairo and its neighborhoods in the fifteenth century, the eve of Raymond's period. He comes up with the number 200,000 in 1500, but admits it is only a best guess. A useful chapter elucidates his thesis that the Egyptian economy suffered only a little from European competition up to the end of the eighteenth century; it leans on his *Artisans et Commerçants au Caire au XVIII ieme Siecle* (1974).

Raymond is arguably at his best in describing and analyzing city communities. Sufi lodges, guilds, religious sects, each were organized with shaykhs reporting to the government on issues from law and order to taxes and market inspection. How it actually worked is detailed in Chapter 5, "Urban Networks and Popular Movements," a discussion of late eighteenth-early nineteenth century Cairo and Aleppo, supplemented by Chapter 13, "Quartiers et mouvements populaires au Caire au XVIII eme siecle" and "The Role of the Communities (Tawa'if) in the Administration of Cairo in the Ottoman Period." A study of the Christians of Aleppo, a community which grew and prospered in the Ottoman centuries, raises the question of why they did so, while for example the Copts of Egypt stagnated. The entanglement of soldiers (the Janissaries in particular) in merchandising and business is reviewed. That it led by the end of the eighteenth century to an incapacitated army is understood. Precisely how it developed thus is another question, and Raymond works through estate documents supplemented by traditional Egyptian historians to make some interesting observations on this score. He then returns to aspects of the physical structures of Cairo with "Architecture and Urban Development: Cairo During the Ottoman Period, 1517-1798," "The Residential Districts of Cairo's Elite [1300-1800]," and "The Rab: A Type of Collective Housing in Cairo during the Ottoman Period." A piece of traditional historiography on 'Ali al-Shadhili, an Egyptian historian useful for understanding the revolt of 1711 (al-Jabarti copied large sections of his work) is appended.

Anything by Andre Raymond, with his broad perspective after years of fine research, is useful. This is a must buy for libraries and anyone working in the Ottoman Arab world. At the same time, a small note: the origin of these articles is not always clear. Some are expanded, sometimes original, versions of previously published articles, or unpublished lectures. They are published here in different type fonts, which implies publication somewhere. A note on the origins of each would be useful.

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Mubarak Al-Sabah: Founder of Modern Kuwait 1896-1915, by B. J. SLOT. London: Arabian Publishing, 2005. 461 pages, illustrations, bibliography, index. US\$54.00 (Cloth) ISBN 0-9544792-4-6

In literature on Kuwaiti history, there is generally little written about the Al-Sabah dynasty, and particularly about the influential and charismatic Mubarak Al-Sabah. B.J. Slot's work fills this gap in the literature by examining the development of Kuwait during the nineteenth century with particular focus on the era when Mubarak assumed leadership. This work covers the period leading to Mubarak's rise to power, the leadership role Mubarak exhibited, and the Kuwaiti successes under his reign.

The book begins with a survey of the establishment of Kuwait; and Slot comprehensively reports on the life of Mubarak. Due to the lack of relevant literature, Slot presents his earlier works citing himself

The portrait sketched by B. J. Slot is that of a small shaykhdom at the mercy of complex international machinations involving the British, the Ottomans, the. In this new biography, author B.J. Slot examines in unsurpassed detail, the career of Mubarak Al-Sabah, who ruled Kuwait from to The book presents. Sheikh Mubarak Al-Sabah is widely regarded as the founder of modern Kuwait, yet there has so far been no detailed study of his reign. In this vividly written. B.J. Slot has made an impressive contribution to Kuwaiti historiography with Mubarak al-Sabah: Founder of Modern Kuwait, This is a very elaborate. Mubarak Al-Sabah: founder of modern Kuwait, /? B.J. Slot. Author. Slot, B. Published. London: Arabian Publishing, Content Types. text. Mubarak Al-Sabah: founder of modern Kuwait / B.J. Slot. Kuwait > Politics and government. Kuwait > Kings and rulers > Biography. Physical. Mubarak Al-Sabah has 5 ratings and 0 reviews. In the is political life of Mubarak Al-Sabah, ruler of Kuwait from to , B. J. Slot examines his ca. Sheikh Mubarak bin Sabah Al-Sabah, KCSI, KCIE (November 28,) the Great" was .. Mubarak Al-Sabah: Founder of Modern Kuwait Download Citation of Article on ResearchGate On Jun 1, , Jack L. Babcock and others published Mubarak Al-Sabah: Founder of Modern Kuwait. J., Mubarak Al-Sabah: Founder of Modern Kuwait (London: Arabian Publishing,). Pp. \$ cloth. - Volume 40 Issue 3 - J. E. Peterson }. Mubarak Al-Sabah: founder of modern Kuwait Responsibility: B.J. Slot. Imprint: London: Arabian, Physical description: xvii, p., [32] p. of. B. J. Slot, Mubarak Al-Sabah: Founder of Modern Kuwait (London: Arabian Publishing,). Pp. \$ cloth. - Volume Mubarak Al-Sabah: Founder of Modern Kuwait , by B.J. Slot. London: Arabian Publishing, pages, illustrations. Read or Download Here mydietdigest.com?book= Download Mubarak Al-Sabah: Founder of Modern Kuwait PDF Free. A critical history of the reign of Sheikh Mubarak Al-Sabah, widely regarded as the founder of modern Kuwait. While acknowledging his political skills and his. Mubarak Al-Sabah: Founder Of Modern Kuwait, by?..??? B.J. Slot. Read and Download Online Unlimited eBooks, PDF Book, Audio Book or. Shaikh Mubarak Al-Sabah is widely regarded as the founder of modern Kuwait. And yet there has so far been no detailed study of his reign (). Al-Hajji, Al-Sheikh Abdul Aziz Al-Rashid, p. Bondarevsky, Al-Kuwayt, pp. Slot, Mubarak Al-Sabah, Founder of Modern Kuwait , pp. For a fuller and more detailed account of the founding of Kuwait, see Ahmed Abu see B. I. Slot, Mubarak AlSabah: Founder of Modern Kuwait, Ben Slot, Mubarak Al-Sabah: Founder of Modern Kuwait, (London: Arabian Publishing,), Salwa Alghanim, The Reign of Mubarak. Mubarak Al-Sabah: Founder of Modern Kuwait, Mubarak al-Sabah by B. J. Slot, , available at Book Depository Mubarak al-Sabah: Founder of Modern Kuwait, Michael Casey, The History of Kuwait (Westport: CT, Greenwood Press,), p. Benjamin Slot, Mubarak AlSabah: Founder of Modern Kuwait Parliaments and Economic Development in Kuwait and the UAE Michael Herb Mubarak Al-Sabah: Founder of Modern Kuwait London: Arabian.

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